VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guideline for Major Depressive Disorder in Adults: Primary Care

- 1. <u>Screening</u> Routine in primary care. ('yes' to either Q below = positive screen)
 - YES/NO: During the past month, have you often been bothered by feeling down, depressed, or hopeless?
 - > YES/NO: During the past month, have you often been bothered by little interest or pleasure in doing things?
- Consider for emergent triage: Delirium, acute or marked psychosis, severe depression (e.g. catatonia, malnourishment), acute danger to self or others, or unstable acute medical conditions.
- 3. <u>Assess for "red flags"</u>. High index of suspicion for depression if... unexplained symptoms, chronic illness, decreased function, hx of abuse/neglect, family hx, significant losses, other psychiatric problems

- 5. Assess for possible medical contributors ("DSM") and optimize management.
 - Diseases: any exacerbating depression?
 - Substance misuse: any problems present?
 - Medications: any depressogenic prescription medicines?
- 6. Provide education, discuss options, and jointly choose therapy.
 - Educate on depression, tx options, self-management, & possible contributors.
 - Discuss risks and benefits of psychotherapy, meds, both or neither.
 - Jointly choose: appropriate treatment is matter of patient preference.
- 7. <u>Determine locus of care</u> primary care vs. mental health
- 8. Course of therapy.
 - Monitor adherence & side-effects every 1-2 weeks; assess response at 4 to 6 weeks and adjust therapy as indicated; reassess response at 12 weeks
 - Consider consultation/referral for an incomplete response

VA access to full guidelines: http://www.oqp.med.va.gov/cpg/cpg.htm DoD access to full guidelines: http://www.cs.amedd.army.mil/Qmo

Sponsored & produced by the VA Employee Education System in cooperation with the Offices of Quality & Performance and Patient Care Services and DoD.

November 2001

